### Bimekizumab efficacy by disease duration in moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa: 2-year phase 3 results from BE HEARD EXT

Raj Chovatiya, 1,2 Seth Forman, 3 Afsaneh Alavi, 4,5 Hessel H. van der Zee, 5,6 Takuya Miyagawa, 7 Melinda Gooderham, 8,9 Ingrid Pansar, 10 Robert Rolleri, 11 Asim Datye, 12 Christos C. Zouboulis<sup>5,13</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Rosalind Franklin University of Medicine and Science Chicago Medical School, North Chicago, IL, USA; <sup>2</sup>Center for Medical Dermatology + Immunology Research, Chicago, IL, USA; <sup>3</sup>ForCare Clinical Research, Tampa, FL, USA; <sup>4</sup>Department of Dermatology, Mayo Clinic College of Medicine and Science, Rochester, MN, USA; <sup>5</sup>European Hidradenitis Suppurativa Foundation (EHSF) e.V., Dessau, Germany; <sup>6</sup>Erasmus Medical Center, Rotterdam, The Netherlands; <sup>7</sup>Department of Dermatology, University of Tokyo Graduate School of Medicine, Tokyo, Japan; 8SKiN Centre for Dermatology, Probity Medical Research, Peterborough, ON, Canada; 9Queen's University, Kingston, ON, Canada; 10UCB, Brussels, Belgium; <sup>11</sup>UCB, Morrisville, NC, USA; <sup>12</sup>UCB, Oakville, ON, Canada; <sup>13</sup>Departments of Dermatology, Venereology, Allergology, and Immunology, Staedtisches Klinikum Dessau, Brandenburg Medical School Theodor Fontane and Faculty of Health Sciences Brandenburg, Dessau, Germany

#### **Presentation Number: 61888**

#### **OBJECTIVE**

To report the impact of **disease duration**<sup>a</sup> since diagnosis on bimekizumab (BKZ) efficacy outcomes in patients with moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) over 2 years.

## **Background**

- Patients with HS generally face **diagnosis delays**; therefore, effective early treatment is crucial to achieve better outcomes.<sup>1,2</sup>
- BKZ is a humanized IgG1 monoclonal antibody that selectively inhibits interleukin (IL)-17F in addition to IL-17A.<sup>3</sup>

### **Methods**

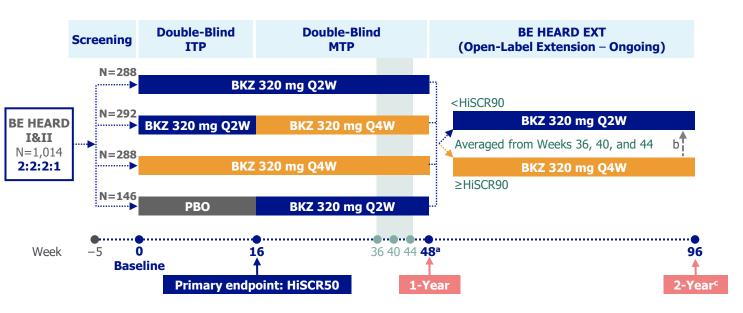
- Data were pooled from the phase 3 trials BE HEARD I&II and their open-label extension, BE HEARD EXT.<sup>4,5</sup>
- We report the proportions of patients achieving ≥50/75/90/100% HS Clinical Response (HiSCR50/75/90/100) over 2 years, by lowest (<2.38 years) and highest (≥10.74 years) disease duration quartiles.
- Data are reported for patients randomized to BKZ 320 mg from baseline in BE HEARD I&II who entered BE HEARD EXT and continued to receive BKZ (**BKZ Total**).<sup>4,5</sup>
- Data are reported as observed case (OC).



[a] Disease duration is calculated from date of diagnosis of hidradenitis suppurativa. BKZ: bimekizumab; HiSCR50/75/90/100: ≥50/75/90/100% HS Clinical Response; HS: hidradenitis suppurativa; Iq: immunoglobulin; IL: interleukin; OC: observed case.



# **Study Design**



- Patients completing the 48-week BE HEARD I&II studies could enroll in BE HEARD EXT and receive open-label BKZ 320 mg every 2 weeks (Q2W) or Q4W based on HiSCR90 response averaged from Weeks 36, 40, and 44.<sup>1,2</sup>
- Baseline characteristics varied between the subgroups. The highest disease duration quartile had more older patients, females, smokers, and prior biologic users.

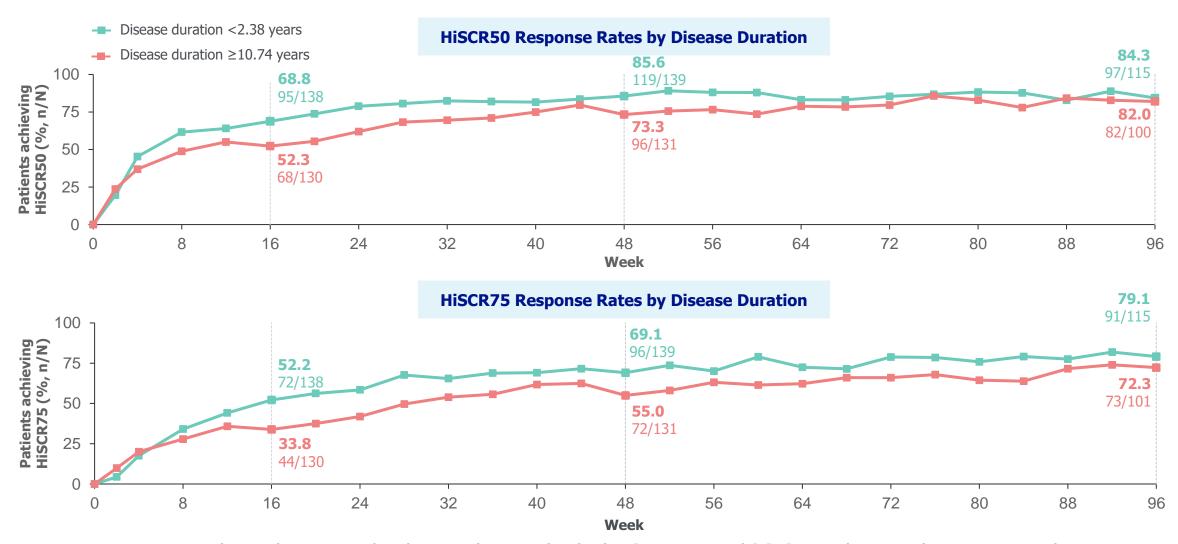
## **Baseline Characteristics**

Disease duration <2.38 years	Disease duration ≥10.74 years
BKZ 320 mg Total N=139	<b>BKZ 320 mg Total</b> N=131
34.8 (13.5)	41.8 (10.3)
63 (45.3)	84 (64.1)
111 (79.9) 6 (4.3)	109 (83.2) 13 (9.9)
31.2 (7.4)	33.3 (7.8)
57 (41.0)	66 (50.4)
1.3 (0.6)	17.8 (6.9)
16.1 (14.6)	19.4 (25.9)
3.3 (3.3)	3.9 (4.6)
82 (59.0) 57 (41.0)	75 (57.3) 56 (42.7)
10.0 (6.5)	12.3 (6.9)
11 (7.9)	29 (22.1)
13 (9.4)	15 (11.5)
	<2.38 years  BKZ 320 mg Total N=139  34.8 (13.5) 63 (45.3)  111 (79.9) 6 (4.3) 31.2 (7.4) 57 (41.0)  1.3 (0.6)  16.1 (14.6) 3.3 (3.3)  82 (59.0) 57 (41.0) 10.0 (6.5) 11 (7.9)

OLE set; only included patients who entered BE HEARD EXT at Week 48. BKZ Total (N=556) comprised patients randomized to BKZ from baseline in BE HEARD I&II who entered BE HEARD EXT and continued to receive BKZ.

[a] Patients who completed Week 48 of BE HEARD I&II could enroll in BE HEARD EXT and receive open-label BKZ Q2W or BKZ Q4W based on HiSCR90 responder status using the average lesion counts from Week 36, Week 40, and Week 44 of BE HEARD Iⅈ [b] In the first 48 weeks of the ongoing BE HEARD EXT, dose adjustment from BKZ Q4W to BKZ Q2W was permitted based on prespecified criteria for reduction in improvement from baseline in AN count; [c] Cumulative 2-year data (48 weeks in BE HEARD I&II and 48 weeks in BE HEARD EXT); [d] Patients received prior biologic therapy for any indication. 1. Kimball AB. et al. Lancet 2024;403:2504–19 (NCT04242446, NCT04242498); 2. BE HEARD EXT: www.clinicaltrials.gov/study/NCT04901195. AN: abscess and inflammatory nodule; BKZ: bimekizumab; BMI: body mass index; DLQI: Dermatology Life Quality Index; DT: draining tunnel; HiSCR50/90: ≥50%/90% reduction in the total abscess and inflammatory nodule count from baseline with no increase from baseline in abscess or draining tunnel count; ITP: initial treatment period; MTP: maintenance treatment period; OLE: open-label extension; PBO: placebo; Q2W: every 2 weeks; Q4W: every 4 weeks; SD: standard deviation.

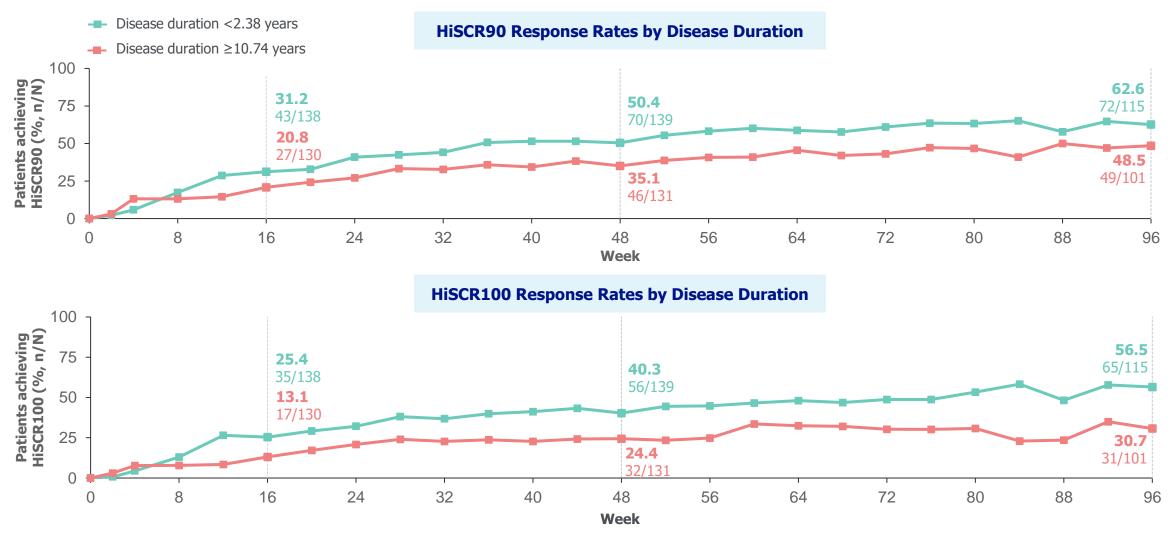
# HiSCR50/75 Rates by Lowest and Highest Disease Duration Quartiles to Week 96 (OC)



Most patients achieved HiSCR50/75 by Week 96 in both the lowest and highest disease duration quartiles.

OLE set; only included patients who entered BE HEARD EXT at Week 48. BKZ Total (N=556) comprised patients randomized to BKZ from baseline in BE HEARD I&II who entered BE HEARD EXT and continued to receive BKZ. OC, n/N: denominator represents number of patients with a non-missing lesion count assessment in the given week, and percentages are calculated accordingly. Data are stratified by lowest and highest disease duration quartiles; disease duration is calculated from date of diagnosis of HS. BKZ: bimekizumab; HiSCR: HS Clinical Response; HiSCR50/75: ≥50/75% reduction in the total abscess and inflammatory nodule count from baseline with no increase from baseline in abscess or draining tunnel count; HS: hidradenitis suppurativa; OC: observed case; OLE: open-label extension.

# HiSCR90/100 Rates by Lowest and Highest Disease Duration Quartiles to Week 96 (OC)



Achievement of HiSCR90/100 generally increased over time in both the lowest and highest disease duration quartiles.

OLE set; only included patients who entered BE HEARD EXT at Week 48. BKZ Total (N=556) comprised patients randomized to BKZ from baseline in BE HEARD I&II who entered BE HEARD EXT and continued to receive BKZ. OC, n/N: denominator represents number of patients with a non-missing lesion count assessment in the given week, and percentages are calculated accordingly. Data are stratified by lowest and highest disease duration quartiles; disease duration is calculated from date of diagnosis of HS. BKZ: bimekizumab; HiSCR: HS Clinical Response; HiSCR90/100: ≥90/100% reduction in the total abscess and inflammatory nodule count from baseline with no increase from baseline in abscess or draining tunnel count; HS: hidradenitis suppurativa; OC: observed case; OLE: open-label extension.

### **CONCLUSIONS:**

Patients treated with bimekizumab demonstrated efficacy at high HiSCR thresholds, in the highest and lowest disease duration quartiles, over 2 years.

More patients in the **lowest** disease duration quartile achieved the stringent HiSCR90 and HiSCR100 thresholds, than in the **highest** disease duration quartile.

Patients with shorter disease duration had better outcomes, emphasizing the importance of early treatment for patients with moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa.

**Author Contributions:** Substantial contributions to study conception/design, or acquisition/analysis/interpretation of data: **RC, SF, AA, HHZ, TM, MG, IP, RR, AD, CCZ**; Drafting of the publication, or reviewing it critically for important intellectual content: **RC, SF, AA, HHZ, TM, MG, IP, RR, AD, CCZ**; Final approval of the publication: **RC, SF, AA, HHZ, TM, MG, IP, RR, AD, CCZ**.

Disclosures: RC: Served as an advisor, consultant, speaker, and/or investigator for AbbVie, Amgen, AnaptysBio, Apogee Therapeutics, Arcutis, Argenx, ASLAN Pharmaceuticals, Beiersdorf, Boehringer Ingelheim, Bristol Myers Squibb, Cara Therapeutics, Dermavant, Eli Lilly and Company, FIDE, Formation Bio, Galderma, Genentech, GSK, Incyte, LEO Pharma, L'Oréal, Nektar Therapeutics, Novartis, Opsidio, Pfizer, RAPT, Regeneron, Sanofi, Sitryx, and UCB.

SF: Investigator/consultant and/or advisor to AbbVie, Aclaris, Almirall, Arcutis, ASLAN Pharmaceuticals, BioHaven, Boehringer Ingelheim, Bristol Myers Squibb, Cali, Concert, Eli Lilly and Company, Evelo, Horizon Therapeutics, Incyte, Janssen, Merck, Pfizer, UCB, and Vertex. AA: On the Board of Directors for the Hidradenitis Suppurativa Foundation; served as consultant for AbbVie, Almirall, Boehringer Ingelheim, Incyte, InflaRx, Kymera, LEO Pharma, Novartis, Sanofi, and UCB; principal investigator for Boehringer Ingelheim and Processa and serves as the chair of data monitoring committee for InflaRx. Hvdz: Consultant for AbbVie, Incyte, InflaRx, Insmed, Novartis, ONO Pharma, and UCB. MG: Investigator, speaker, and/or investigator for AbbVie, Acleyrin, Akros, Amgen, AnaptysBio, Arcutis, Aristea, ASLAN Pharmaceuticals, Bausch Health, Boehringer Ingelheim, Bristol Myers Squibb, Dermavant, Dermira, Eli Lilly and Company, Galderma, GSK, Incyte, JAMP Pharma, Janssen, Kyowa Kirin, L'Oréal, MedImmune, Meiji, MoonLake Immunotherapeutics, Nektar Therapeutics, Nimbus, Novartis, Pfizer, Regeneron, Reistone, Sanofi, Sun Pharma, Takeda, Tarsus, UCB, Union, Ventyx, and Vyne. IP, RR, AD: Employees and shareholders of UCB. CCZ: Received institution grants as a clinical and research investigator for AstraZeneca, Boehringer Ingelheim, Bristol Myers Squibb, Brandenburg Medical School Theodor Fontane, EADV, European Union, German Federal Ministry of Education and Research, GSK, Incyte, InflaRx, MSD, Novartis, PPhy, Sanofi, SciRhom, Takeda, UCB, and ZuraBio; received honoraria as a consultant fo

**Acknowledgments:** These studies were funded by UCB. We would like to thank the patients and their caregivers in addition to all the investigators and their teams who contributed to these studies. The authors acknowledge Susanne Wiegratz, UCB, Monheim am Rhein, for publication coordination, and Kate Metcalfe, BSc Hons, Costello Medical, Location, UK for medical writing support and editorial assistance. All costs associated with development of this presentation were funded by UCB.