

# Measuring the effect of rozanolixizumab treatment in the MycarinG study using the Myasthenia Gravis Impairment Index

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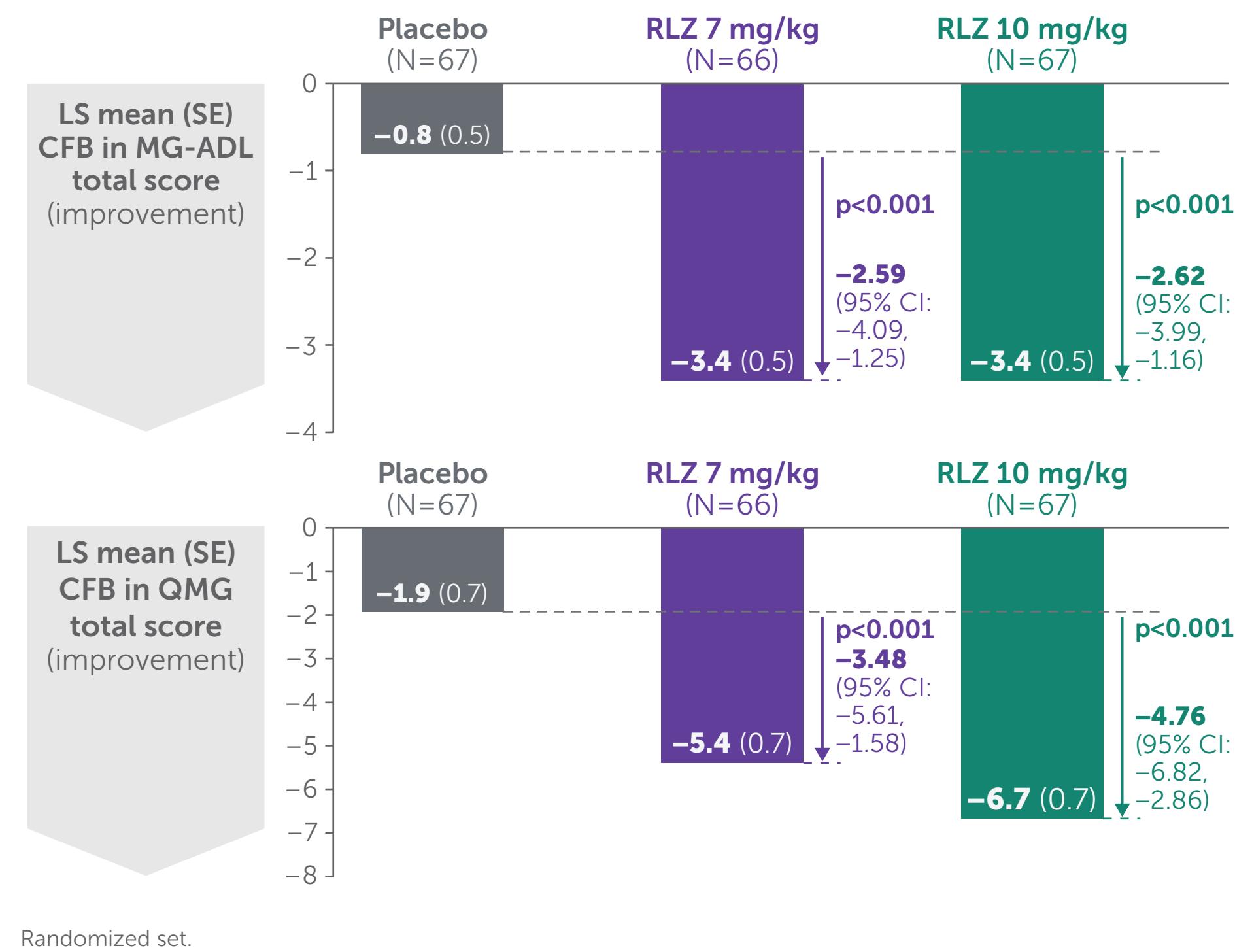
## Introduction

- gMG is a chronic disease characterized by fluctuating muscle weakness fatigability that can significantly impact patients' quality of life<sup>1</sup>
- In the randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled MycarinG study (NCT03971422), one 6-week cycle of rozanolixizumab significantly improved MG-ADL and QMG total scores versus placebo and was generally well tolerated in patients with gMG<sup>2</sup> (Figure 1)
- The MGII incorporates patients' perspectives (22-item questionnaire) and physician evaluation (6 items) of the impairments caused by MG symptoms<sup>3</sup>
- This exploratory analysis evaluated the impact of rozanolixizumab on MG symptoms using the MGII in MycarinG

## Methods

- Patients were aged ≥18 years with AChR Ab+ or MuSK Ab+ gMG, MGFA Disease Class II–IVa, MG-ADL score ≥3 (for non-ocular symptoms) and QMG score ≥1
- Patients were randomized 1:1:1 to once-weekly subcutaneous rozanolixizumab 7 mg/kg, rozanolixizumab 10 mg/kg or placebo for 6 weeks
- The primary endpoint was CFB to Day 43 in MG-ADL score; secondary endpoints included CFB to Day 43 in QMG score

**Figure 1** One 6-week cycle of rozanolixizumab significantly improved MG-ADL and QMG total scores versus placebo

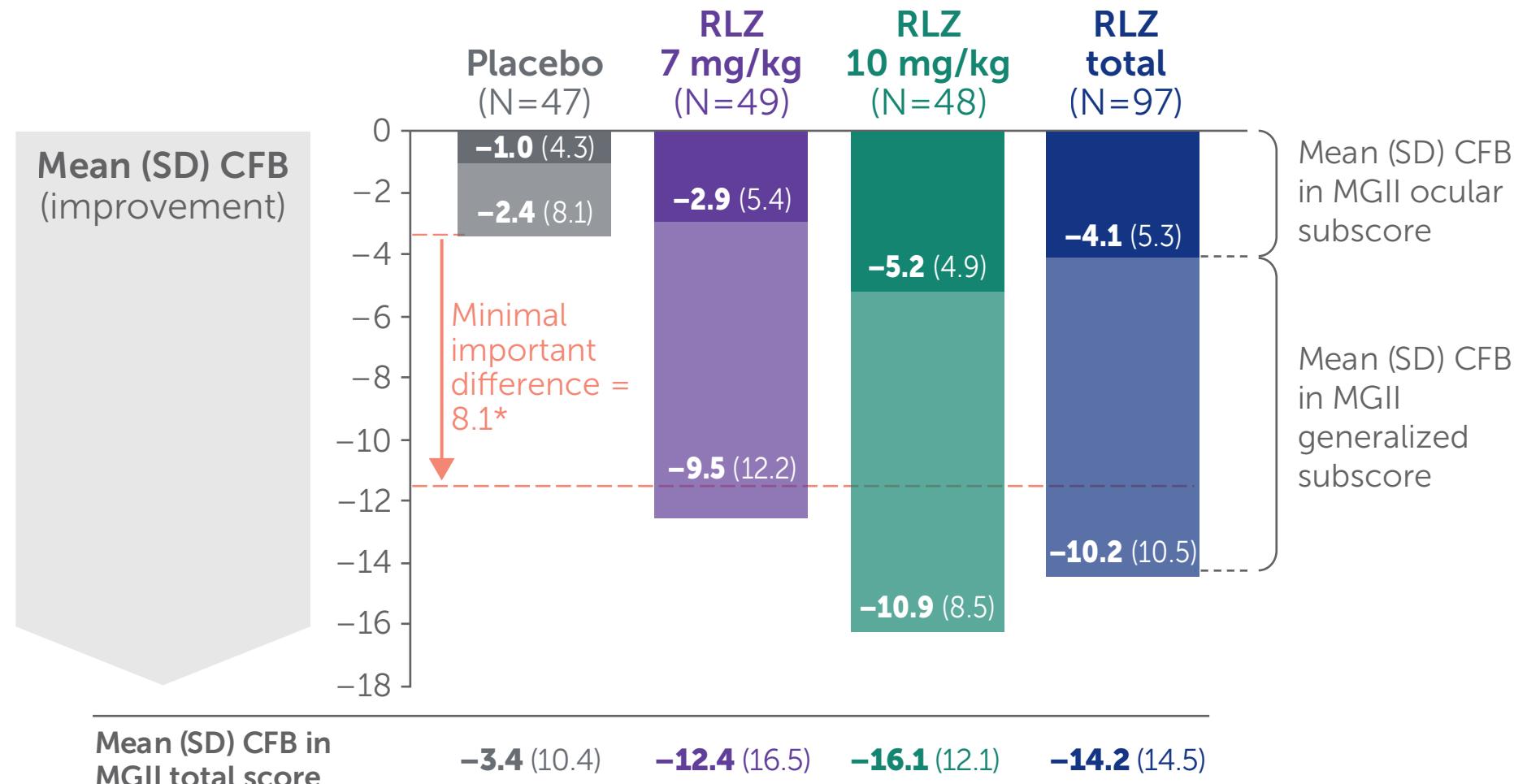


- Exploratory endpoints included CFB to Day 43 in MGII total score (range: 0–84) and ocular and generalized subscores (range: 0–23 and 0–61, respectively); MGII was an optional assessment
- Post hoc analyses included MGII responder rates (defined as a ≥5.5-point improvement in the MGII total score<sup>4</sup>) and item-level analyses

## Results

- Overall, 200 patients received rozanolixizumab 7 mg/kg (n=66), rozanolixizumab 10 mg/kg (n=67) or placebo (n=67)
- 144/200 (72.0%) patients completed the MGII at baseline and at Day 43
- Rozanolixizumab treatment resulted in a greater mean CFB to Day 43 in MGII total score compared with placebo (Figure 2)
  - Mean CFB in ocular and generalized subscores was consistent with the total score (Figure 2)
- At Day 43, 70.1% of rozanolixizumab-treated patients were MGII responders compared with 40.4% of placebo-treated patients (Figure 3)
- Across most individual items, greater proportions of the rozanolixizumab groups achieved a score of 0 (i.e., symptom absence) at Day 43 compared with the placebo group, in patients with an item score of ≥1 at baseline (Table 1)
- Overall, TEAEs occurred in 81.3% (n=52/64), 82.6% (n=57/69) and 67.2% (n=45/67) of patients treated with rozanolixizumab 7 mg/kg, rozanolixizumab 10 mg/kg and placebo, respectively; most events were mild or moderate

**Figure 2** At Day 43, rozanolixizumab treatment showed improvements in mean CFB in MGII total, ocular and generalized subscores compared with placebo



Randomized set. \*Minimal important difference in MGII total score is 8.1 points for groups;<sup>4</sup> therefore, the threshold for between-group minimal important difference is -1.5 points when determined from the placebo mean CFB of -3.4.

<sup>1</sup>Patients with MGII data at baseline: N=53, N=55, N=54 and N=109 in the placebo, RLZ 7 mg/kg, RLZ 10 mg/kg and RLZ total groups, respectively.

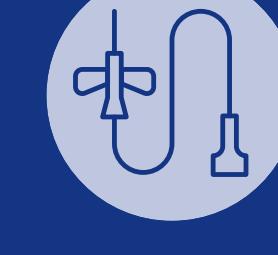
## Summary and conclusions



In MycarinG, statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvements from baseline were observed across several MG-specific outcomes with rozanolixizumab treatment compared with placebo



Improvements measured by the MGII were consistently greater in rozanolixizumab-treated patients than in placebo-treated patients across the MGII total score, ocular and generalized subscores, and in an item-level analysis

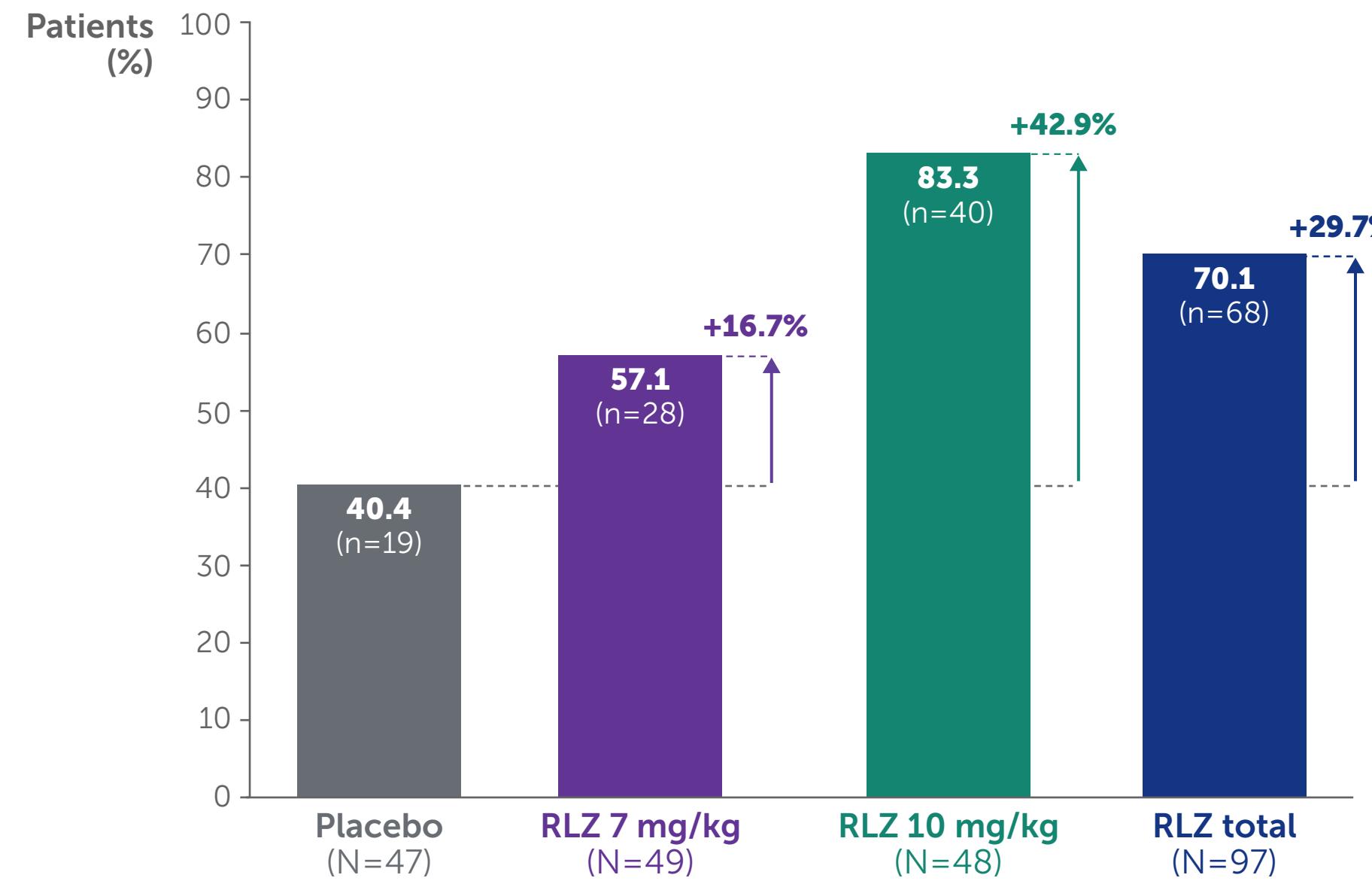


These analyses of MGII data from MycarinG further support the primary and secondary efficacy findings to highlight the treatment benefit of rozanolixizumab



These data also demonstrate the utility of the MGII in evaluating both ocular and generalized symptoms following treatment for gMG

**Figure 3** At Day 43, greater proportions of patients receiving rozanolixizumab were MGII responders compared with placebo



Randomized set. Responders were defined as patients who achieved the minimal important difference in MGII total score of 5.5 points for individuals.<sup>4</sup> n represents the number of patients who were MGII responders at Day 43; N represents the number of patients who completed the MGII assessment at Day 43.

**Table 1** Greater proportions of rozanolixizumab groups achieved an MGII individual item score of 0 (i.e., symptom absence) at Day 43 compared with placebo

### (a) Problems with your eyes

|  | 0–<10%          | 10–<20%             | 20–<30%              | 30–<40%           | 40–<50% | 50–100% |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| Patients achieving MGII score of 0 at Day 43 |                 |                     |                      |                   |         |         |
| Item   | Placebo % (n/N) | RLZ 7 mg/kg % (n/N) | RLZ 10 mg/kg % (n/N) | RLZ total % (n/N) |         |         |
| Double vision throughout the day             | 17.6 (6/34)     | 14.3 (4/28)         | 33.3 (11/33)         | 24.6 (15/61)      |         |         |
| Double vision with activities                | 19.4 (6/31)     | 17.9 (5/28)         | 32.3 (10/31)         | 25.4 (15/59)      |         |         |
| Severity of double vision                    | 17.1 (6/35)     | 13.8 (4/29)         | 40.0 (14/35)         | 28.1 (18/64)      |         |         |
| Diplopia*                                    | 6.1 (2/33)      | 16.7 (5/30)         | 48.6 (17/35)         | 33.8 (22/65)      |         |         |
| Eyelid drooping throughout the day           | 11.1 (4/36)     | 22.9 (8/35)         | 54.1 (20/37)         | 38.9 (28/72)      |         |         |
| Eyelid drooping with activities              | 8.8 (3/34)      | 18.8 (6/32)         | 63.9 (23/36)         | 42.6 (29/68)      |         |         |
| Severity of eyelid drooping                  | 8.3 (3/36)      | 22.2 (8/36)         | 54.1 (20/37)         | 38.4 (28/73)      |         |         |
| Ptosis*                                      | 13.2 (5/38)     | 29.4 (10/34)        | 43.8 (14/32)         | 36.4 (24/66)      |         |         |

Randomized set. Baseline is the last available value prior to the first injection of study drug in the treatment period or, if missing, the screening value. \*Examination item.

### (b) Problems eating

|  | 0–<10%          | 10–<20%             | 20–<30%              | 30–<40%           | 40–<50% | 50–100% |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| Patients achieving MGII score of 0 at Day 43 |                 |                     |                      |                   |         |         |
| Item   | Placebo % (n/N) | RLZ 7 mg/kg % (n/N) | RLZ 10 mg/kg % (n/N) | RLZ total % (n/N) |         |         |
| Difficulty swallowing                        | 13.9 (5/36)     | 34.5 (10/29)        | 41.9 (13/31)         | 38.3 (23/60)      |         |         |
| Chewing different types of food              | 15.6 (5/32)     | 45.2 (14/31)        | 35.7 (10/28)         | 40.7 (24/59)      |         |         |
| Chewing tiredness/fatigue                    | 12.9 (4/31)     | 41.9 (13/31)        | 45.2 (14/31)         | 43.5 (27/62)      |         |         |
| Lower facial strength*                       | 15.4 (4/26)     | 40.7 (11/27)        | 50.0 (13/26)         | 45.3 (24/53)      |         |         |

Randomized set. Baseline is the last available value prior to the first injection of study drug in the treatment period or, if missing, the screening value. \*Examination item.

### (c) Problems speaking and breathing

|  | 0–<10%          | 10–<20%             | 20–<30%              | 30–<40%           | 40–<50% | 50–100% |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------|---------|
| Patients achieving MGII score of 0 at Day 43 |                 |                     |                      |                   |         |         |
| Item   | Placebo % (n/N) | RLZ 7 mg/kg % (n/N) | RLZ 10 mg/kg % (n/N) | RLZ total % (n/N) |         |         |
| Voice changes throughout the day             | 21.9 (7/32)     | 35.5 (11/31)        | 44.8 (13/29)         | 40.0 (24/60)      |         |         |
| Voice changes with prolonged conversation    | 11.1 (4/36)     | 35.3 (12/34)        | 33.3 (11/33)         | 34.3 (23/67)      |         |         |
| Severity of voice changes                    | 10.8 (4/37)     | 34.3 (12/35)        | 30.3 (10/33)         | 32.4 (22/68)      |         |         |
| Speech clarity throughout the day            | 35.7 (10/28)    | 48.1 (13/27)        | 61.5 (16/26)         | 54.7 (29/53)      |         |         |
| Speech clarity with prolonged conversation   | 25.0 (8/32)     | 42.9 (12/28)        | 51.9 (14/27)         | 47.3 (26/55)      |         |         |
| Severity of speech changes                   | 24.2 (8/33)     | 33.3 (10/30)        | 51.7 (15/29)         | 42.4 (25/59)      |         |         |
| Difficulty breathing                         | 5.6 (2/36)      | 17.1 (6/35)         | 36.4 (12/33)         | 26.5 (18/68)      |         |         |

Randomized set. Baseline is the last available value prior to the first injection of study drug in the treatment period or, if missing, the screening value.

|  | 0–<10% | 10–<20% | 20–<30% | 30–< |
|--|--------|---------|---------|------|
|--|--------|---------|---------|------|